

Note to All Employees

Certain Federal Regulations require employers to provide disclosures of these regulations to all employees. The remainder of this document provides you with the required disclosures related to our employee benefits plan. If you have any questions or need further assistance please contact your Plan Administrator as follows:

April 19, 2023 Daytona State College Dylan Anderson, Employee Benefits and Payroll-Director II 1200 W. International Speedway Blvd., Daytona Beach, FL 32114 386-506-3999

Notice Regarding Special Enrollment Rights

If you do not timely or properly complete the enrollment process, you and your Eligible Dependents generally will not be covered under the applicable Plan for the remainder of the Plan Year, except as described below. Also, if you fail to specifically enroll your Eligible Dependents on the enrollment form, your Eligible Dependents will not be covered under the applicable Plan for the remainder of the Plan Year, except as otherwise provided below.

(a.) If you decline enrollment for yourself or your dependents because you or your dependent had other health insurance or group health plan coverage, either through COBRA or otherwise, you may enroll yourself and Eligible Dependents in the Health Program within **30 days** of the loss of that coverage. For this purpose, "loss of coverage" will occur if the other group health plan coverage terminates as a result of: (i) termination of employer contributions for the other coverage; (ii) exhaustion of the maximum COBRA period; (iii) legal separation or divorce; (iv) death; (v) termination of employment; (vi) reduction in hours of employment; or (vii) failure to elect COBRA coverage.

However, a loss of coverage will not be deemed to occur if the other coverage terminates due to a failure to pay premiums or termination for cause. At the time you enroll in the Employer's Plan, you must provide a written statement from the administrator of the other health plan that you no longer have that coverage.

- (b.) You are eligible to enroll yourself and your Eligible Dependent in the Health Program within **30 days** of the date you acquire a new Eligible Dependent through marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption. Your enrollment will become effective on the date of marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption. (Note pre-tax payments may not be made for retroactive coverage due to marriage.)
- (c.) You are eligible to enroll yourself and your Eligible Dependent in the Plan within 60 days after either:
- (1.) You or your Eligible Dependent's Medicaid coverage under title XIX of the Social Security Act or CHIP coverage through a State child health plan under title XXI of the Social Security Act is terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for such coverage; or
- (2.) You or your Eligible Dependent is determined to be eligible for employment assistance under Medicaid or CHIP to help pay for coverage under the Plan.



Notice Regarding Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (Janet's Law)

On October 21, 1998, Congress passed a Federal Law known as the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act. The law includes important new protections for breast cancer patients who elect breast reconstruction in connection with a mastectomy. For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and patient, for:

- Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and
- Prostheses and treatment of physical complications at all stages of the mastectomy, including lymph edemas

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductible and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan.

If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, please call your plan administrator.

Notice Regarding Patient Protection Rights

The Daytona State College group health plan requires members electing HMO plans to designate a Primary Care Provider. The following paragraphs outline certain protections under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Affordable Care Act) and only apply when the Plan requires or allows the designation of a Primary Care Provider.

You will have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in the Plan's network and who is available to accept you and/or your Eligible Dependents. For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider. You also do not need prior authorization from the Plan or from any other person (including your primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in the Plan's network. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan or procedures for making referrals or notifying primary care provider or Plan of treatment decisions.

If you do not make a provider designation, the Plan may make one for you. For information on how to select or change a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, pediatricians, or obstetrics or gynecology health care professionals, please contact the insurer.

HIPAA Privacy

The Plan complies with the privacy requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). These requirements are described in a Notice of Privacy Practices that was previously given to you. A copy of this notice is available upon request.

Medicare Notice

You must notify Daytona State College when you or your dependents become Medicare eligible. Daytona State College is required to contact the insurer to inform them of your Medicare status. Federal law determines whether Medicare or the group health plan is the primary payer. You must also notify Medicare directly that you have group health insurance coverage. Privacy laws prohibit Medicare from discussing coverage with anyone other than the Medicare beneficiary or their legal guardian. The toll-free number to Medicare Coordination of Benefits is 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)

If you have Medicare or will become eligible for Medicare in the next 12 months, a federal law gives you more choices in your prescription drug plan. Please see the complete Medicare Part D Coverage Notice.





Medicare Part D Coverage Notice - Important Information About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please note that the following notice only applies to individuals who are eligible for Medicare.

Medicare eligible individuals may include employees, spouses or dependent children who are Medicare eligible for one of the following reasons.

- Due to the attainment of age 65
- Due to certain disabilities as determined by the Social Security Administration
- Due to end-stage renal disease (ESRD)

If you are covered by Medicare, please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Daytona State College and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

Daytona State College has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered through the Florida Blue Benefits Plan is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. If your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join a Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15 through December 7. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan. However, if you decide to drop your current coverage with Daytona State College, since it is employer sponsored group coverage, you will be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

What Happens to Your Current Coverage if You Decide to Join a Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current coverage will not be affected. Your current coverage pays for other health expenses in addition to prescription drugs. The prescription drug coverage is part of the Group Health Plan and cannot be separated from the medical coverage. If you enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, you and your eligible dependents will still be eligible to receive all of your current health and prescription drug benefits. You have the option to waive the coverage provided under the Group Health Plan due to your eligibility for Medicare. If you decide to waive coverage under the Group Health Plan due to your Medicare eligibility, you will be entitled to re-enroll in the plan during the next open enrollment period.



When Will You Pay a Higher Premium (Penalty) to Join a Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later. If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go 19 months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage

Contact your Benefits Representative. You will receive this notice each year and should the coverage through the College change. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans. For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

Visit https://www.medicare.gov/

Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You".

Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information, visit U.S. Social Security Administration's at www.socialsecurity.gov or call 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (penalty).

April 19, 2023
Daytona State College
Dylan Anderson, Employee Benefits and Payroll-Associate Director
1200 W. International Speedway Blvd., Daytona Beach, FL 32114
386-506-3999

New Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options and Your Health Coverage

There is an additional way to buy health insurance: the **Health Insurance Marketplace**. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace.



What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away.

Each year, the open enrollment period for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace runs from Nov. 1 through Dec. 15 for coverage as early as January 1. After Dec. 15, you can get coverage through the Marketplace only if you qualify for a special enrollment period or are applying for Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household income.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer's health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards.

If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.61 percent of your household income for 2022, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit. (An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.)

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution—as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage—is often excluded from income for federal and state income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

How Can I Get More Information?

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact Denise Waul, Asst. Dir, Employee Benefits, 100 Weldon Blvd, Sanford, FL 32773, phone 407-708-2703.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, as well as an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2021. Contact your State for more information on eligibility.

ALABAMA – Medicaid	FLORIDA - Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/	Website: https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/
Phone: 1-855-692-5447	flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/index.html
	Phone: 1-877-357-3268
ALASKA – Medicaid	GEORGIA – Medicaid
The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program	Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-
Website: http://myakhipp.com/ Phone: 1-866-251-4861	premium-payment-program-hipp
Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com	Phone: 678-564-1162 ext. 2131
Medicaid Eligibility: http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/	Priorie: 678-304-1102 ext. 2151
medicaid/default.aspx	
ARKANSAS – Medicaid	INDIANA – Medicaid
Website: http://myarhipp.com/ Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)	Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64
	Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/
CALIFORNIA Medicaid	Phone: 1-877-438-4479
Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP)	All other Medicaid
Program http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp	Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/
Phone:916-445-8322	Phone 1-800-457-4584
Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov	
COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)	IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)
Health First Colorado Website: https://	Medicaid Website:
www.healthfirstcolorado.com/	https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members
Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:	Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366
1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711	Hawki Website: http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki 1-800-257-8563
CHP+: Colorado.gov/HCPF/Child-Health-Plan-Plus CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/	1-000-201-0003
State Relay 711	

KANSAS – Medicaid	NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid
Website: http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/default.htm	Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm
Phone: 1-800-792-4884	Phone: 603-271-5218
	Toll Free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345,
KENTUCKY – Medicaid	ext 5218 NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP
Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP) Website:	Medicaid Website: https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/
https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/	medicaid/
kihipp.aspx	Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392
Phone:1-855-459-6328	CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html
	CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710
	NEW YORK - Medicaid
LOUISIANA – Medicaid	
Website: www.medicaid.la.gov or www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp	Website: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/
Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)	Phone: 1-800-541-2831
MAINE - Medicaid	NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Enrollment Website: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/	Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/
applications-forms	Phone: 919-855-4100
Phone: 1-800-442-6003	1 Holle: 010 000 4100
TTY: Maine relay 711	
MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP	NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid
Website: https://www.mass.gov/info-details/masshealth-	Website: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/
premium-assistance-pa	medicaid/
Phone: 1-800-862-4840	Phone: 1-844-854-4825
MINNESOTA – Medicaid	OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP
Website:	Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org
https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/seniors/health-care/	Phone: 1-888-365-3742
health-care-programs/programs-and-services/other-	
insurance.jsp	
Phone: 1-800-657-3739 MISSOURI - Medicaid	OREGON - Medicaid
Website: http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/	Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx
hipp.htm	http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html
Phone: 573-751-2005	Phone: 1-800-699-9075
MONTANA – Medicaid	PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid
Website: http://dphhs.mt.gov/	Website: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/
MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP	Pages/Medical/HIPP-Program.aspx
Phone: 1-800-694-3084	
	Phone: 1-800-692-7462
NEBRASKA – Medicaid	RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid
Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov	Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/
Phone: (855) 632-7633	Phone: 855-697-4347,or 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share
Lincoln: (402) 473-7000	Line)
Omaha: (402) 595-1178	
NEVADA – Medicaid	SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: http://dhcfp.nv.gov	Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900	Phone: 1-888-549-0820



SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid	WASHINGTON – Medicaid
Website: http://dss.sd.gov	Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/
Phone: 1-888-828-0059	Phone: 1-800-562-3022
TEXAS – Medicaid	WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid
Website: http://gethipptexas.com/	Website: http://mywvhipp.com/
Phone: 1-800-440-0493	Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)
UTALL M. II. L. LOUID	MICO ONON M. II. II. I OUID
UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP	WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP
Medicaid Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/	Website:
CHIP Website: http://health.utah.gov/chip	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p-
Phone: 1-877-543-7669	10095.htm Phone: 1-800-362-3002
VERMONT- Medicaid	WYOMING – Medicaid
Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/	Website: https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/
Phone: 1-800-250-8427	programs-and-eligibility/ Phone: 1-800-251-1269
	Filotie: 1-000-231-1209
VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP	
Website: https://www.coverva.org/hipp/	
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924	
CHIP Phone: 1-800-432-5924	

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2021, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa

1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

www.cms.hhs.gov

1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.



GENERAL NOTICE OF COBRA CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE RIGHTS



Introduction

You're getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it. When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

Your hours of employment are reduced, or

Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you're the spouse of an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

Your spouse dies;

Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;

Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;

Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A. Part B. or both); or

You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

The parent-employee dies:

The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;

The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;

The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);

The parents become divorced or legally separated; or

The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a "dependent child."

GENERAL NOTICE OF COBRA CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE RIGHTS



Sometimes, filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code can be a qualifying event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to Daytona State College, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired employee covered under the Plan, the retired employee will become a qualified beneficiary. The retired employee's spouse, surviving spouse, and dependent children will also become qualified beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the Plan.

When is COBRA continuation coverage available?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;

Death of the employee;

Commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer; or

The employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to: The Office of Human Resources.

How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

GENERAL NOTICE OF COBRA CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE RIGHTS



Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

Can I enroll in Medicare instead of COBRA continuation coverage after my group health plan coverage ends?

In general, if you don't enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period* to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you don't enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare.

For more information visit https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you.

*https://www.medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/how-do-i-get-parts-a-b/part-a-part-b-sign-up-periods.

If you have questions

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Keep your Plan informed of address changes

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

Plan contact information

Office of Employee Benefits: 386-506-3083 Benefits email: benefits@daytonastate.edu